



## Selective schools

1. **Selective schools will be able to expand** as long as they ensure “good quality non-selective places locally”.  
Things they can do to meet this criteria include:
  - Take a proportion of pupils from lower income households
  - Establish a new non-selective secondary school
  - Establish a feeder primary in low-income area
  - Partner with existing non-selective school or ensure there are opportunities to join the selective school at different ages, such as 14 and 16 – as well as 11
2. The government will give **£50 million fund** to help existing grammar schools to expand
3. **Allow new entirely selective schools** if there is local demand.
4. **Allow existing non-selective schools to become selective**, as long as there’s local demand
5. **Selective schools which expand and do not deliver good quality places locally** could be stripped of access to additional funding streams, **have their right to select by ability removed** or be barred from further expansion
6. **Multi-academy trusts will be encouraged to set up schools for their “most able” pupils**, dubbed a “centre of excellence”
7. **Existing selective schools required to work with other schools**, eg teacher exchanges.
8. **Selective schools must have fair access strategies** in place – eg, quotas

## Independent schools

9. **To keep charitable status, independent schools** with capacity and capability will need to: **Sponsor academies** or **set up a new free school** in the state sector  
*Or, Offer a set proportion of places as fully funded bursaries* to “those who are insufficiently wealthy to pay fees”.  
The document adds: “We expect this figure to be considerably higher than that offered currently at most independent schools”.
10. **Smaller independent schools will be asked to fulfil one or more of the below criteria:**  
Provide direct school-to-school support to state schools  
Support teaching in minority subjects that state schools struggle to make viable – eg further maths, coding and languages such as Mandarin.  
Ensure senior leaders become directors of multi-academy trusts  
Provide greater expertise and access to facilities  
Provide sixth-form scholarships to a proportion of pupils in each year 11 at a local school

## Universities

11. **Universities charging higher fees must start a free school or sponsor an academy**

## Faith schools

12. Remove 50 per cent cap on faith-based admissions in free schools but schools must:
  - Prove through consultation and signatures that children from other faiths will attend
  - Establish twinning arrangements for other schools not of their faith
  - Consider setting up mixed-faith multi-academy trusts
  - Consider placing an independent member or director of different faith or no faith on the governing body